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within a prohibited degree and who had been continuously employed by the district at the time of the election is subject to the nepotism prohibition if the employee quits then later seeks re-employment with the district. See *Á]š Z š Z] • š CE]-95-015(1998)*; *š š [Ç ' v-0442(2001)* (including that retired teacher had

reject the application and immediately deliver to the candidate written notice of the reason for the rejection. A candidate may be able to correct mistakes as to form or content by filing a new application to the filing deadline. Tex. Elec. Code § 103.032.

7. Is a school board candidate required to appoint a campaign treasurer even if the candidate does not plan to raise or spend campaign funds?

Each candidate must appoint a campaign treasurer, which may include the candidate or any other eligible person, by filing a Form CTA with the district filing authority, regardless of whether the candidate intends to accept campaign contributions or make campaign expenditures. The Form CTA must be filed before accepting or expending

or against a candidate or measure that will appear on a ballot. Political advertising is defined generally as a communication that advocates a particular outcome in an election. Tex. Elec. Code §§ 251.001(16), 255.003(a); 1 Tex. Admin. Code § 20.1(11)(A). The Texas Ethics Commission interprets this prohibition broadly to apply to the use of any district resources for political advertising. For instance, any use of district employee time, no matter how minimal, is prohibited, as is any use of school district facilities. See e.g., *Advisory Opinion 2019-01*, 2019 WL 1000000. Election Code section 255.003 would be violated by using a school employee to place a sign on a school property. Section 255.0031 specifically prohibits an officer or employee of a political subdivision from using district resources for political advertising.